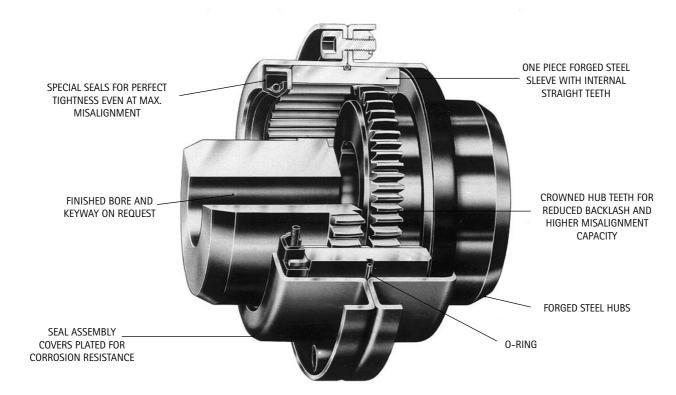


FLEXIBLE GEAR COUPLINGS

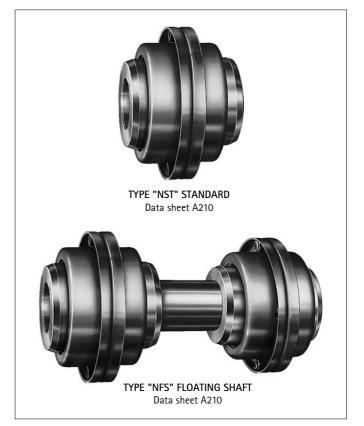
SERIES N Maximum torque: up to 2 000 Nm — Bores: up to 65 mm



FEATURES

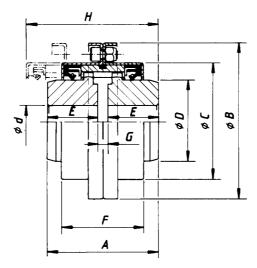
The ESCOGEAR couplings of the series N distinguish themselves by:

- maximum bores defined in function of standardized shaft diameters according to ISO and IEC.
- reduced outside dimensions and weights from which result very small axial load and thrust on the connected shafts.
- a sufficiently balanced coupling for the maximum indicated speeds, all the components being machined.
- easy installation no special tooling is required.
- an absolute reliability and minimum maintenance.
- a perfect homocinetic torque transmission.



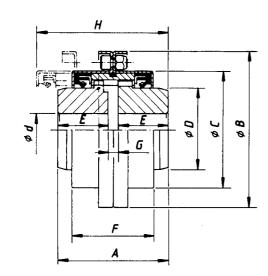
NST 25 ⇒ 65

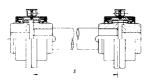


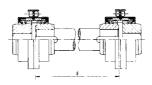


∠, max. 1,5°

				Type NST			
←A150			25	38	45	65	
$d \frac{\emptyset \text{ max.}}{\emptyset \text{ min.}}$		- 1	mm	25	38	45	65
			mm	0	0	0	26
EZ	Tn	2	Nm	200	450	800	2000
0 <u>1m</u> ↓	Тр			400	900	1600	4000
/min.max.			tr/min omw/min rpm min ⁻¹	6300	4800	4100	3000
	ζα	-	degré graad degree grad	2x0,75	2x0,75	2x0,75	2x0,75
: ‡ [:]		-	mm	0,1	0,11	0,13	0,15
- J (WR ²)		4	kgm²	0,0004	0,0013	0,0026 0,0102	
¢		5	kg	0,85	1,81	2,97	7,23
Grease		6	dm³	0,01	0,02	0,03	0,05
	А		mm	58	75	95	135
	В		mm	76,5	94	109	134,5
	С		mm	57,5	74,5	86	111,5
mm: ±	D		mm	40	54	64	89
<u>r</u>	Е		mm	27	35	45	65
	F		mm	42	48	55	63
	G		mm	4	5	5	5
	Н	10	mm	70	85	105	135







🚈 max. 0,75°

				Type NFS			
←A150			25	38	45	65	
Ø max.			mm	25	38	45	65
	min.	- 1	mm	0	0	0	26
Tn		2	Nime	200	450	800	2000
0 <u>1m ↓</u>	Тр	2	Nm	400	900	1600	4000
(X)/min.max.		3.3	tr/min omw/min rpm min ⁻¹				
α		-	degré graad degree grad	0,75	0,75	0,75	0,75
- J (WR ²)		4	kgm²	0,0004	0,0013	0,0026	0,0102
¢		5	kg	0,85	1,81	2,97	7,23
		6	dm³	0,01	0,02	0,03	0,05
	А		mm	58	75	95	135
	В		mm	76,5	94	109	134,5
	С		mm	57,5	74,5	86	111,5
	D		mm	40	54	64	89
mm: ±	E		mm	27	35	45	65
	F		mm	42	48	55	63
	G		mm	4	5	5	5
	Н	10	mm	70	85	105	135
(min)	S	8	mm	60	70	90	130

SERIES N



HOW TO SELECT THE RIGHT COUPLING SIZE

A. Select the size of ESCOGEAR coupling that will accommodate the largest shaft diameter.

9550 x P x F 🛛 x F 🐼

B. Make sure this coupling has the required torque capacity according to following formula:

torque in Nm = $\frac{9550 \times F \times F_u \times F}{2}$

P = power in kW; n = speed in rpm; F_{μ} = service factor according to tabulation 1.

F 🚯 = 2 in case of use in potentionally explosive atmospheres 🐼 , European Directive 94/9/EC. In normal atmospheres, F 🐼 = 1.

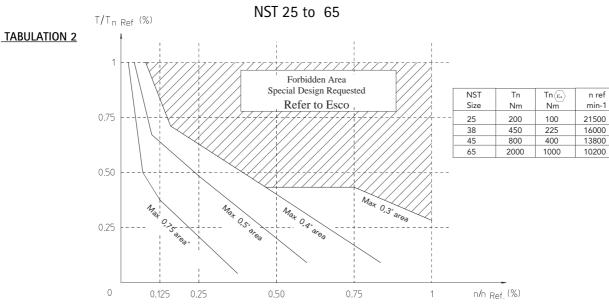
The coupling selected per (A) must have an equal or greater torque capacity than the result of the formula (B). If not select a larger size coupling. Check if application peak torque does not exceed tabulated peak torque Tp indicated planographs A210 and A211.

Check also max. allowable misalignment using the graph of tabulations 1 and 2.

C. Check if shaft/hub connection will transmit the torque. If necessary, select a longer hub.

D. Read carefully assembly and maintenance instructions IM.

			DRIVER MACHINE			
_	<u>TABUL</u>	ATION 1 APPLICATIONS	Electric motors Turbines	Hydraulic motors Gears drivers	Reciprocating engine Electric motors frequent starts	
DRIVE	NIFORM	Generators - Blowers: centrifugal vane, fans - Centrifugal pumps and compressors - Machine tools: auxiliary drives - Conveyors: belt and chain, uniformly loaded, escalators - Can filling machines and bottling machinery - Agitators: pure liquids.	0,8 to 1,25	Service factor F _u 1 to 1,5	1,25 to 1,75	
		Propeller – Waterjet pumps	1,25	1,5	1,75	
	MODERATE SHOCKS	Blowers: lobe – Pumps: gear and lobe types – Vane compressors – Machine tools: main drives – Conveyors: belt and chain not uniformly fed bucket and screw – Elevators, cranes, tackles and winches – Wire winding machines, reels, winders (paper industry) – Agitators liquids and solids, liquids variable density.	1,25 to 1,5	1,5 to 1,75	1,75 to 2	
	HEAVY SHOCKS	Generators (welding) - Reciprocating pumps and compressors - Laundry washers - Bending roll, punch press, tapping machines - Barkers, calanders, paper presses - Briquetter machines, cement furnace - Crushers: ore and stone, hammer mill, rubber mill - Metal mills: forming machines, table conveyors - Draw Bench, wire drawing and flattening machines - Road & railroad equipment.	1,5 to 2	1,75 to 2,25	2 to 2,5	



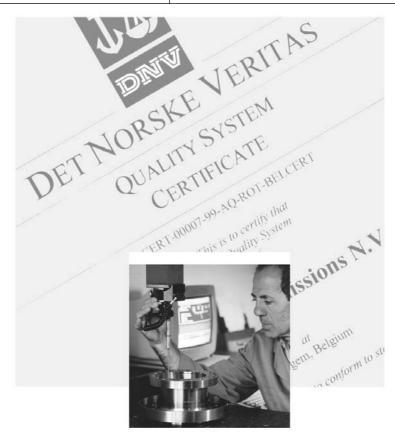
HOW TO USE THE GRAPH ?

Maximum torque, maximum speed and maximum misalignment may not occur simultaneously. Graph must be used as follows:

- 1. Calculate Tn and Tp and select coupling size as usual. Tn = nominal torque; Tp = peak torque
- 2. Calculate Tn/TnRef and n/nRef and plot the resulting point in the graph.
- 3. If the resulting point is located in the white area, a standard coupling may be used as far as maximum misalignment doesn't exceed the maximum misalignment indicated in the graph.
- 4. If the resulting point is located in the shaded area, refer to ESCO
- 5. In case of use in potentionally explosive atmospheres 🚱 , proceed the same way but using Tn Ref 🚱 for the calculation. Max misalignement may not exceed 0,5° per gear mesh.



LEGE	ND OF USED PICTOGRAMS	Notes for series N
d Ø nominal max. d Ø min. d Ø max. Tn Tp	MAXIMUM NOMINAL BORE (mm) MINIMUM BORE (mm) MAXIMUM BORE (mm) MAXIMUM NOMINAL TORQUE (Nm) MAXIMUM PEAK TORQUE (Nm)	 For key according to ISO R 773. Gear maximum continuous transmissible torque for the tabulated misalignment. The effective transmissible torque depends on the bore and shaft/hub connection. Higher speed on special request. For grease withstanding centrifugal acceleration of 1.000g. See installation
/min.max.	MAXIMUM SPEED (rpm)	 and maintenance manual IM. 3.2 For grease withstanding centrifugal acceleration of 2.000g. See installation and maintenance manual IM. 3.3 Depends on S.
	MAXIMUM OFFSET (mm)	 3.4 For long operation in disconnected position contact us. 4 For solid bore. 4.1 Depends on S. 4.2 For solid bore and S minimum.
	MAXIMUM ANGULAR MISALIGNMENT (degree)	 4.3 Per 100 mm spacer length. 4.4 Depends on L and R. 5 For pilot bored hubs. 5.1 Depends on S. 5.2 For pilot bored hubs and S minimum. 5.3 Per 100 mm spacer length.
- J - (WR ²)	INERTIA (kgm²)	 5.4 Depends on L and R. 6 See installation and maintenance manual IM. 6.1 Depends on S. Values given for S maximum. 7 On request. For larger S contact us.
Ś	WEIGHT (kg)	 8 Values for S minimum. S maximum depends on torque and speed. 9 G must remain constant during operation. 10 Needed to control the alignment and inspect the gears.
	GREASE QUANTITY (dm ³)	* Max. torque, speed and misalignment tabulated values may not be cumulated. See IM/A200.



A150 E (b)